

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

Paper 5 Shakespeare and other pre-20th Century Texts

9695/52 May/June 2018 2 hours

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

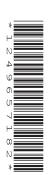
Answer **two** questions: **one** question from Section A and **one** question from Section B. At least **one** of the questions you answer must be a **(b) passage-based** question chosen from **either** Section A **or** Section B.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

This document consists of 17 printed pages, 3 blank pages and 1 insert.





Section A

Answer one question from this section

Remember, at least one of the questions you answer must be a (b) passage-based question chosen from either Section A or Section B.

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: Measure for Measure

- **1 Either (a)** What, in your view, does Shakespeare's use of comedy and comic characters contribute to the play's meaning and effects?
 - **Or** (b) Paying close attention to language, tone and action, discuss the following passage and its significance in the play.

[Enter Pl following.]	ROVOST, CLAUDIO, JULIET, and OFFICERS; LUCIO	
Claudio:	Fellow, why dost thou show me thus to th' world? Bear me to prison, where I am committed.	
Provost:	l do it not in evil disposition, But from Lord Angelo by special charge.	5
Claudio:	Thus can the demigod Authority Make us pay down for our offence by weight The words of heaven: on whom it will, it will; On whom it will not, so; yet still 'tis just.	10
Lucio:	Why, how now, Claudio, whence comes this restraint?	
Claudio:	From too much liberty, my Lucio, liberty; As surfeit is the father of much fast, So every scope by the immoderate use Turns to restraint. Our natures do pursue, Like rats that ravin down their proper bane, A thirsty evil; and when we drink we die.	15
Lucio:	If I could speak so wisely under an arrest, I would send for certain of my creditors; and yet, to say the truth, I had as lief have the foppery of freedom as the morality of imprisonment. What's thy offence, Claudio?	20
Claudio:	What but to speak of would offend again.	
Lucio:	What, is't murder?	
Claudio:	No.	
Lucio:	Lechery?	25
Claudio:	Call it so.	
Provost:	Away, sir; you must go.	
Claudio:	One word, good friend. Lucio, a word with you.	
Lucio:	A hundred, if they'll do you any good. Is lechery so look'd after?	30
Claudio:	Thus stands it with me: upon a true contract I got possession of Julietta's bed. You know the lady; she is fast my wife, Save that we do the denunciation lack	

9695/52/M/J/18

	Of outward order; this we came not to, Only for propagation of a dow'r Remaining in the coffer of her friends.	35
	From whom we thought it meet to hide our love Till time had made them for us. But it chances The stealth of our most mutual entertainment, With character too gross, is writ on Juliet.	40
Lucio:	With child, perhaps?	
Claudio:	Unhappily, even so. And the new deputy now for the Duke – Whether it be the fault and glimpse of newness, Or whether that the body public be A horse whereon the governor doth ride, Who, newly in the seat, that it may know	45
	He can command, lets it straight feel the spur; Whether the tyranny be in his place, Or in his eminence that fills it up, I stagger in. But this new governor Awakes me all the enrolled penalties	50
	Which have, like unscour'd armour, hung by th' wall So long that nineteen zodiacs have gone round And none of them been worn; and, for a name, Now puts the drowsy and neglected act Freshly on me. 'Tis surely for a name.	55
Lucio:	I warrant it is; and thy head stands so tickle on thy shoulders that a milkmaid, if she be in love, may sigh it off. Send after the Duke, and appeal to him.	60
Claudio:	I have done so, but he's not to be found. I prithee, Lucio, do me this kind service: This day my sister should the cloister enter, And there receive her approbation; Acquaint her with the danger of my state; Implore her, in my voice, that she make friends	65
	To the strict deputy; bid herself assay him. I have great hope in that; for in her youth There is a prone and speechless dialect Such as move men; beside, she hath prosperous art When she will play with reason and discourse, And well she can persuade.	70

Act 1, Scene 2

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: Richard II

2 Either (a) Carlisle describes a king as 'the figure of God's majesty, his captain, steward, deputy elect.'

In the light of this comment, discuss Shakespeare's presentation of kings in the play *Richard II.*

Or (b) Paying close attention to language, tone and action, discuss the following scene, showing its significance in the play.

[Enter the KING, with BAGOT and GREEN, at one door; and the DUKE OF AUMERLE at another.] *King Richard:* We did observe. Cousin Aumerle, How far brought you high Hereford on his way? 5 Aumerle: I brought high Hereford, if you call him so, But to the next high way, and there I left him. *King Richard:* And say, what store of parting tears were shed? Aumerle: Faith, none for me; except the north-east wind, Which then blew bitterly against our faces, Awak'd the sleeping rheum, and so by chance 10 Did grace our hollow parting with a tear. King Richard: What said our cousin when you parted with him? 'Farewell.' Aumerle: And, for my heart disdained that my tongue Should so profane the word, that taught me craft 15 To counterfeit oppression of such grief That words seem'd buried in my sorrow's grave. Marry, would the word 'farewell' have length'ned hours And added years to his short banishment, He should have had a volume of farewells; 20 But since it would not, he had none of me. King Richard: He is our cousin, cousin; but 'tis doubt, When time shall call him home from banishment, Whether our kinsman come to see his friends. Ourself, and Bushy, Bagot here, and Green, 25 Observ'd his courtship to the common people; How he did seem to dive into their hearts With humble and familiar courtesy; What reverence he did throw away on slaves, Wooing poor craftsmen with the craft of smiles 30 And patient underbearing of his fortune, As 'twere to banish their affects with him. Off goes his bonnet to an ovster-wench: A brace of draymen bid God speed him well And had the tribute of his supple knee, 35 With 'Thanks, my countrymen, my loving friends'; As were our England in reversion his,

And he our subjects' next degree in hope.Green:Well, he is gone; and with him go these thoughts!
Now for the rebels which stand out in Ireland,40
Expedient manage must be made, my liege,

9695/52/M/J/18

	Ere further leisure yield them further means For their advantage and your Highness' loss.		
King Richard:	And, for our coffers, with too great a court And liberal largess, are grown somewhat ligh We are enforc'd to farm our royal realm; The revenue whereof shall furnish us For our affairs in hand. If that come short,		45
	Our substitutes at home shall have blank cha Whereto, when they shall know what men are They shall subscribe them for large sums of g And send them after to supply our wants; For we will make for Ireland presently.	e rich,	50
	[Enter BUSHY.]		55
	Bushy, what news?		
Bushy:	Old John of Gaunt is grievous sick, my lord, Suddenly taken; and hath sent post-haste To entreat your Majesty to visit him.		
King Richard:	Where lies he?		60
Bushy:	At Ely House.		
King Richard:	Now put it, God, in the physician's mind To help him to his grave immediately! The lining of his coffers shall make coats To deck our soldiers for these Irish wars. Come, gentlemen, let's all go visit him. Pray God we may make haste, and come too	late!	65
All:	Amen.	(E t	
		[Exeunt	
	A et d	Coore 1	

Act 1, Scene 4

Section B

Answer one question from this section

Remember, at least one of the questions you answer must be a (b) passage-based question chosen from either Section A or Section B.

JANE AUSTEN: Emma

- 3 Either (a) In what ways, and with what effects, does Austen present family relationships in the novel?
 - Or (b) Paying close attention to the effects of the writing, discuss the following passage, showing what it contributes to your understanding of the relationship between Harriet and Emma.

"Well, Miss Woodhouse!" cried Harriet, coming eagerly into the room — "is not this the oddest news that ever was?"

"What news do you mean?" replied Emma, unable to quess, by look or voice, whether Harriet could indeed have received any hint.

5 "About Jane Fairfax. Did you ever hear any thing so strange? Oh! — you need not be afraid of owning it to me, for Mr. Weston has told me himself. I met him just now. He told me it was to be a great secret; and, therefore, I should not think of mentioning it to any body but you, but he said you knew it."

"What did Mr. Weston tell you?" - said Emma, still perplexed.

"Oh! he told me all about it; that Jane Fairfax and Mr. Frank Churchill are to be 10 married, and that they have been privately engaged to one another this long while. How verv odd!"

It was, indeed, so odd; Harriet's behaviour was so extremely odd, that Emma did not know how to understand it. Her character appeared absolutely changed. She seemed to propose showing no agitation, or disappointment, or peculiar concern in 15 the discovery. Emma looked at her, guite unable to speak.

"Had you any idea," cried Harriet, "of his being in love with her? - You, perhaps, might. — You (blushing as she spoke) who can see into everybody's heart; but nobody else-"

"Upon my word," said Emma, "I begin to doubt my having any such talent. Can 20 you seriously ask me, Harriet, whether I imagined him attached to another woman at the very time that I was - tacitly, if not openly - encouraging you to give way to your own feelings? - I never had the slightest suspicion, till within the last hour, of Mr. Frank Churchill's having the least regard for Jane Fairfax. You may be very sure that if I had, I should have cautioned you accordingly." 25

"Me!" cried Harriet, colouring, and astonished. "Why should you caution me? -You do not think I care about Mr. Frank Churchill."

"I am delighted to hear you speak so stoutly on the subject," replied Emma, smiling; "but you do not mean to deny that there was a time - and not very distant either - when you gave me reason to understand that you did 30 care about him?"

"Him! - never, never. Dear Miss Woodhouse, how could you so mistake me?" turning away distressed.

"Harriet!" cried Emma, after a moment's pause - "What do you mean?" Good Heaven! what do you mean? — Mistake you! — Am I to suppose then? — " 35 She could not speak another word. - Her voice was lost; and she sat down,

Harriet, who was standing at some distance, and with face turned from her, did

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waiting in great terror till Harriet should answer.

not immediately say any thing; and when she did speak, it was in a voice nearly as agitated as Emma's.

40

"I should not have thought it possible," she began, "that you could have misunderstood me! I know we agreed never to name him — but considering how infinitely superior he is to every body else, I should not have thought it possible that I could be supposed to mean any other person. Mr. Frank Churchill, indeed! I do not know who would ever look at him in the company of the other. I hope I have a 45 better taste than to think of Mr. Frank Churchill, who is like nobody by his side. And that you should have been so mistaken, is amazing! — I am sure, but for believing that you entirely approved and meant to encourage me in my attachment, I should have considered it at first too great a presumption almost, to dare to think of him. At first, if you had not told me that more wonderful things had happened; that there 50 had been matches of greater disparity (those were your very words); — I should not have dared to give way to — I should not have thought it possible — But if *you*, who had been always acquainted with him —."

"Harriet!" cried Emma, collecting herself resolutely — "Let us understand each other now, without the possibility of farther mistake. Are you speaking of — 55Mr. Knightley?"

Volume 3, Chapter 11

EMILY BRONTË: Wuthering Heights

4

- (a) Discuss some of the effects created by Brontë's presentation of children and Either childhood in Wuthering Heights.
- (b) Paying close attention to the effects of the writing, discuss the following extract, Or showing what it contributes to your understanding of the relationship between Cathy and Heathcliff.

"I've no more business to marry Edgar Linton than I have to be in heaven; and if the wicked man in there had not brought Heathcliff so low, I shouldn't have thought of it. It would degrade me to marry Heathcliff now; so he shall never know how I love him: and that, not because he's handsome, Nelly, but because he's more myself than I am. Whatever our souls are made of, his and mine are the same: and Linton's is as different as a moonbeam from lightning, or frost from fire."

Ere this speech ended, I became sensible of Heathcliff's presence. Having noticed a slight movement, I turned my head, and saw him rise from the bench, and steal out noiselessly. He had listened till he heard Catherine say it would degrade her to marry him, and then he stayed to hear no further. My companion, sitting on 10 the ground, was prevented by the back of the settle from remarking his presence or departure; but I started, and bade her hush!

"Why?" she asked, gazing nervously round.

"Joseph is here," I answered, catching opportunely the roll of his cart-wheels up the road; "and Heathcliff will come in with him. I'm not sure whether he were not 15 at the door this moment."

"Oh, he couldn't overhear me at the door!" said she. "Give me Hareton, while you get the supper, and when it is ready ask me to sup with you. I want to cheat my uncomfortable conscience, and be convinced that Heathcliff has no notion of these things. He has not, has he? He does not know what being in love is?"

"I see no reason that he should not know, as well as you," I returned; "and if you" are his choice, he will be the most unfortunate creature that ever was born! As soon as you become Mrs. Linton, he loses friend, and love, and all! Have you considered how you'll bear the separation, and how he'll bear to be quite deserted in the world? Because, Miss Catherine"-----

"He quite deserted! we separated!" she exclaimed, with an accent of indignation. "Who is to separate us, pray? They'll meet the fate of Milo! Not as long as I live, Ellen: for no mortal creature. Every Linton on the face of the earth might melt into nothing, before I could consent to forsake Heathcliff. Oh, that's not what I intend-that's not what I mean! I shouldn't be Mrs. Linton were such a price demanded! He'll be as 30 much to me as he has been all his lifetime. Edgar must shake off his antipathy, and tolerate him, at least. He will, when he learns my true feelings towards him. Nelly, I see now, you think me a selfish wretch; but did it never strike you that if Heathcliff and I married, we should be beggars? whereas, if I marry Linton, I can aid Heathcliff to rise, and place him out of my brother's power."

"With your husband's money, Miss Catherine?" I asked. "You'll find him not so pliable as you calculate upon: and, though I'm hardly a judge, I think that's the worst motive you've given yet for being the wife of young Linton."

"It is not," retorted she; "it is the best! The others were the satisfaction of my whims: and for Edgar's sake, too, to satisfy him. This is for the sake of one who 40 comprehends in his person my feelings to Edgar and myself. I cannot express it; but surely you and everybody have a notion that there is or should be an existence of yours beyond you. What were the use of my creation, if I were entirely contained here? My great miseries in this world have been Heathcliff's miseries, and I watched and felt each from the beginning: my great thought in living is himself. If all else 45 perished, and he remained, I should still continue to be; and if all else remained,

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and he were annihilated, the universe would turn to a mighty stranger: I should not seem a part of it. My love for Linton is like the foliage in the woods: time will change it, I'm well aware, as winter changes the trees. My love for Heathcliff resembles the eternal rocks beneath: a source of little visible delight, but necessary. Nelly, I *am* 50 Heathcliff! He's always, always in my mind: not as a pleasure, any more than I am always a pleasure to myself, but as my own being. So don't talk of our separation again: it is impracticable; and"—

She paused, and hid her face in the folds of my gown; but I jerked it forcibly away. I was out of patience with her folly!

Volume 1, Chapter 9

55

5 Either (a) Dorigen is described as: ... the treweste and the best wyf That ever yet I knew in al my life.'

Discuss Dorigen's role and characterisation in the light of this comment.

Or (b) Paying close attention to language and tone, discuss the following extract, showing what it reveals about Chaucer's methods and concerns in *The Franklin's Prologue* and *Tale.*

"Youre blisful suster, Lucina the sheene, That of the see is chief goddesse and queene (Though Neptunus have deitee in the see, Yet emperisse aboven hym is she),	
Ye knowen wel, lord, that right as hir desir Is to be quyked and lighted of youre fir, For which she folweth yow ful bisily, Right so the see desireth naturelly	5
To folwen hire, as she that is goddesse Bothe in the see and ryveres moore and lesse. Wherfore, lord Phebus, this is my requeste — Do this miracle, or do myn herte breste — That now next at this opposicion Which in the signe shal be of the Leon,	10
As preieth hire so greet a flood to brynge That fyve fadme at the leeste it oversprynge The hyeste rokke in Armorik Briteyne; And lat this flood endure yeres tweyne. Thanne certes to my lady may I seye,	15
 'Holdeth youre heste, the rokkes been aweye.' "Lord Phebus, dooth this miracle for me. Preye hire she go no faster cours than ye; I seye, preyeth your suster that she go No faster cours than ye thise yeres two. 	20
Thanne shal she been evene atte fulle alway, And spryng flood laste bothe nyght and day. And but she vouche sauf in swich manere To graunte me my sovereyn lady deere, Prey hire to synken every rok adoun	25
Into hir owene dirke regioun Under the ground, ther Pluto dwelleth inne, Or nevere mo shal I my lady wynne. Thy temple in Delphos wol I barefoot seke. Lord Phebus, se the teeris on my cheke,	30
And of my peyne have som compassioun." And with that word in swowne he fil adoun, And longe tyme he lay forth in a traunce. His brother, which that knew of his penaunce, Up caughte hym, and to bedde he hath hym broght.	35
Dispeyred in this torment and this thoght Lete I this woful creature lye; Chese he, for me, wheither he wol lyve or dye.	40

Turn to page 12 for Question 6.

CHARLES DICKENS: Great Expectations

12

- 6
- **Either (a)** Compare and contrast the roles and characterisation of Miss Havisham and Abel Magwitch.
- Or
- (b) Paying close attention to the effects of the writing, discuss the following passage and show its significance to the novel's wider concerns.

"First," said Mr. Jaggers, "you should have some new clothes to come in, and they should not be working clothes. Say this day week. You'll want some money. Shall I leave you twenty guineas?"

He produced a long purse, with the greatest coolness, and counted them out on the table and pushed them over to me. This was the first time he had taken his *5* leg from the chair. He sat astride of the chair when he had pushed the money over, and sat swinging his purse and eyeing Joe.

"Well, Joseph Gargery? You look dumb-foundered?"

"I *am!*" said Joe, in a very decided manner.

"It was understood that you wanted nothing for yourself, remember?"

10

"It were understood," said Joe. "And it are understood. And it ever will be similar according."

"But what," said Mr. Jaggers, swinging his purse, "what if it was in my instructions to make you a present, as compensation?"

"As compensation what for?" Joe demanded.

"For the loss of his services."

Joe laid his hand upon my shoulder with the touch of a woman. I have often thought him since, like the steam-hammer, that can crush a man or pat an eggshell, in his combination of strength with gentleness. "Pip is that harty welcome," said Joe, "to go free with his services, to honour and fortun', as no words can tell him. But if 20 you think as money – can make compensation to me – fur the loss of the little child – what come to the forge – and ever the best of friends!—"

O dear good Joe, whom I was so ready to leave and so unthankful to, I see you again, with your muscular blacksmith's arm before your eyes, and your broad chest heaving, and your voice dying away. O dear good faithful tender Joe, I feel the loving tremble of your hand upon my arm, as solemnly this day as if it had been the rustle of an angel's wing!

But I encouraged Joe at the time. I was lost in the mazes of my future fortunes, and could not retrace the by-paths we had trodden together. I begged Joe to be comforted, for (as he said) we had ever been the best of friends, and (as I said) we *30* ever would be so. Joe scooped his eyes with his disengaged wrist, as if he were bent on gouging himself, but said not another word.

Mr. Jaggers had looked on at this, as one who recognised in Joe the village idiot, and in me his keeper. When it was over, he said, weighing in his hand the purse he had ceased to swing:

"Now, Joseph Gargery, I warn you this is your last chance. No half measures with me. If you mean to take a present that I have it in charge to make you, speak out, and you shall have it. If on the contrary you mean to say—" Here, to his great amazement, he was stopped by Joe's suddenly working round him with every demonstration of a fell pugilistic purpose.

"Which I meantersay," cried Joe, "that if you come into my place bull-baiting and badgering me, come out! Which I meantersay as sech if you're a man, come on! Which I meantersay that what I say, I meantersay and stand or fall by!"

I drew Joe away, and he immediately became placable; merely stating to me, 45 in an obliging manner and as a polite expostulatory notice to any one whom it might

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15

35

happen to concern, that he were not a going to be bull-baited and badgered in his own place. Mr. Jaggers had risen when Joe demonstrated, and had backed near the door.

Volume 1, Chapter 18

ANDREW MARVELL: Selected Poems

7 Either (a) 'How happy might I still have mowed, Had not Love here his thistles sowed!'

(from Damon the Mower)

With this quotation in mind, discuss some of the ways that Marvell presents love. You should refer to **three** poems in your answer.

Or (b) Paying close attention to the poetic effects, discuss the following poem, showing what it contributes to your understanding of Marvell's methods and concerns.

On a Drop of Dew

See how the orient dew,	
Shed from the bosom of the morn	
Into the blowing roses,	
Yet careless of its mansion new,	
For the clear region where 'twas born	5
Round in itself incloses:	
And in its little globe's extent,	
Frames as it can its native element.	
How it the purple flow'r does slight,	
Scarce touching where it lies,	10
But gazing back upon the skies,	
Shines with a mournful light,	
Like its own tear,	
Because so long divided from the sphere.	
Restless it rolls and unsecure,	15
Trembling lest it grow impure,	
Till the warm sun pity its pain,	
And to the skies exhale it back again.	
So the soul, that drop, that ray	
Of the clear fountain of eternal day,	20
Could it within the human flow'r be seen,	
Remembering still its former height,	
Shuns the sweet leaves and blossoms green,	
And recollecting its own light,	
Does, in its pure and circling thoughts, express	25
The greater heaven in an heaven less.	
In how coy a figure wound,	
Every way it turns away:	
So the world excluding round,	
Yet receiving in the day,	30
Dark beneath, but bright above,	
Here disdaining, there in love.	
How loose and easy hence to go,	
How girt and ready to ascend,	
Moving but on a point below,	35
It all about does upwards bend.	
Such did the manna's sacred dew distill,	
White and entire, though congealed and chill,	
Congealed on earth: but does, dissolving, run	
Into the glories of th' almighty sun.	40

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Turn to page 16 for Question 8.

PERCY BYSSHE SHELLEY: Selected Poems

8 Either (a) 'For Shelley, nature is both destructive and creative.'

In the light of this comment, discuss Shelley's presentation of nature. You should refer to **three** poems in your answer.

Or (b) Paying close attention to the effects of the writing, discuss the following extract from *Adonais: An Elegy on the Death of John Keats* and show what it contributes to your understanding of Shelley's methods and concerns.

Adonais: An Elegy on the Death of John Keats

1

I weep for Adonais—he is dead! O, weep for Adonais! though our tears Thaw not the frost which binds so dear a head! And thou, sad Hour, selected from all years To mourn our loss, rouse thy obscure compeers, And teach them thine own sorrow, say: with me Died Adonais; till the Future dares Forget the Past, his fate and fame shall be An echo and a light unto eternity!

2

Where wert thou mighty Mother, when he lay, When thy Son lay, pierced by the shaft which flies	10
In darkness? where was lorn Urania	
When Adonais died? With veiled eyes,	
'Mid listening Echoes, in her Paradise	
She sate, while one, with soft enamoured breath,	15
Rekindled all the fading melodies,	
With which, like flowers that mock the corse beneath,	
He had adorned and hid the coming bulk of death.	

3

O, weep for Adonais—he is dead!	
Wake, melancholy Mother, wake and weep!	20
Yet wherefore? Quench within their burning bed	
Thy fiery tears, and let thy loud heart keep	
Like his, a mute and uncomplaining sleep;	
For he is gone, where all things wise and fair	
Descend;—oh, dream not that the amorous Deep	25
Will yet restore him to the vital air;	
Death feeds on his mute voice, and laughs at our despair.	

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Most musical of mourners, weep again! Lament anew, Urania!—He died, Who was the Sire of an immortal strain,	.30
	30
Blind, old, and lonely, when his country's pride,	
The priest, the slave, and the liberticide,	
Trampled and mocked with many a loathed rite	
Of lust and blood; he went, unterrified,	
Into the gulph of death; but his clear Sprite	35
Yet reigns o'er earth; the third among the sons of light.	

5

Most musical of mourners, weep anew! Not all to that bright station dared to climb; And happier they their happiness who knew,	
Whose tapers yet burn through that night of time	40
In which suns perished; others more sublime,	
Struck by the envious wrath of man or God,	
Have sunk, extinct in their refulgent prime;	
And some yet live, treading the thorny road,	
Which leads, through toil and hate, to Fame's serene abode.	45

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